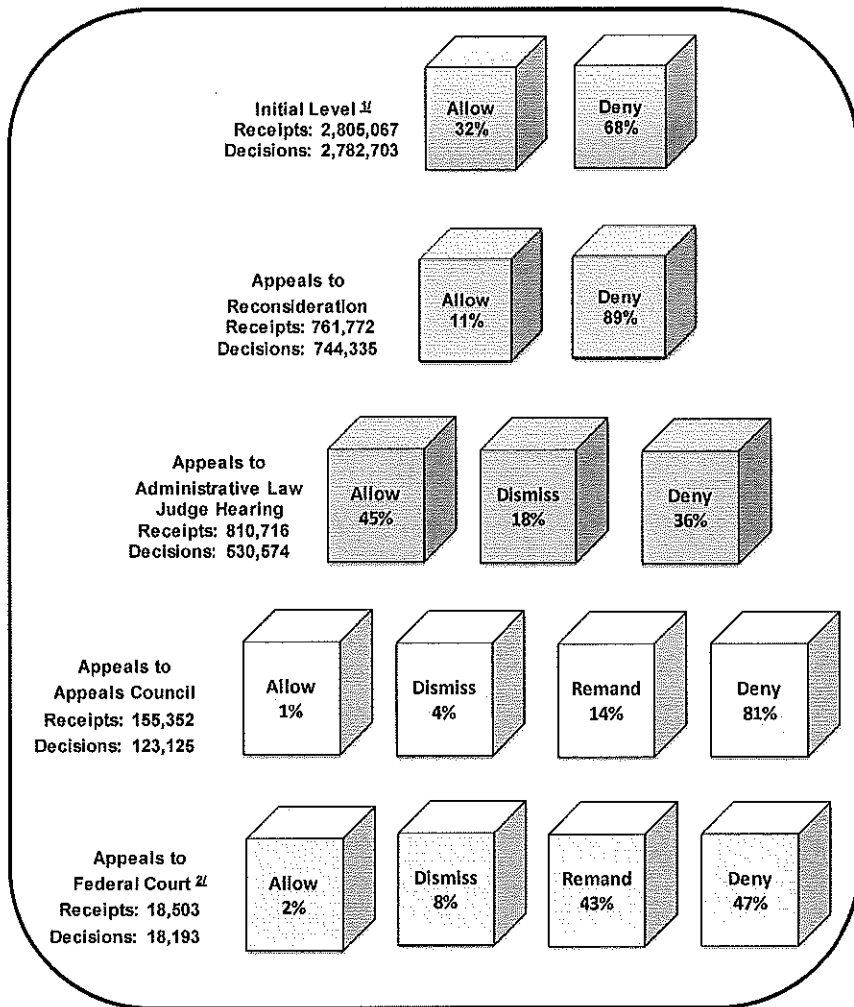


FY 2014 DISABILITY WORKLOAD

The following table provides data on the FY 2014 disability claims and appeals workload.

Table 3.27—FY 2014 Workload Data Disability Appeals*



*Includes Title II, Title XVI, and concurrent initial disability determinations and appeals decisions issued in FY 2014, regardless of the year in which the initial claim was filed, and regardless of whether the claimant ever received benefits (in a small number of cases with a favorable disability decision benefits are subsequently denied because the claimant does not meet other eligibility requirements.) Does not include claims where an eligibility determination was reached without a determination of disability. If a determination or appeals decision was made on Title II and Title XVI claims for the same person, the results are treated as one concurrent decision.

^{1/} About 23% of initial level denials are issued in States that use the Disability Prototype process, which eliminates the reconsideration step of the appeals process. The first level of appeal for these cases is a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge.

^{2/} Federal Court data includes appeals of Continuing Disability Reviews.

NOTE: Due to rounding, data may not always total 100%.

Prepared by: SSA, ODPWI (Office of Disability Program Management Information), 12/4/14; Office of Budget, 12/11/14
Data Sources:

A) Initial and Reconsideration Data: SSA State Agency Operations Report

B) Administrative Law Judge and Appeals Council data: SSA Office of Disability Adjudication and Review (ODAR)

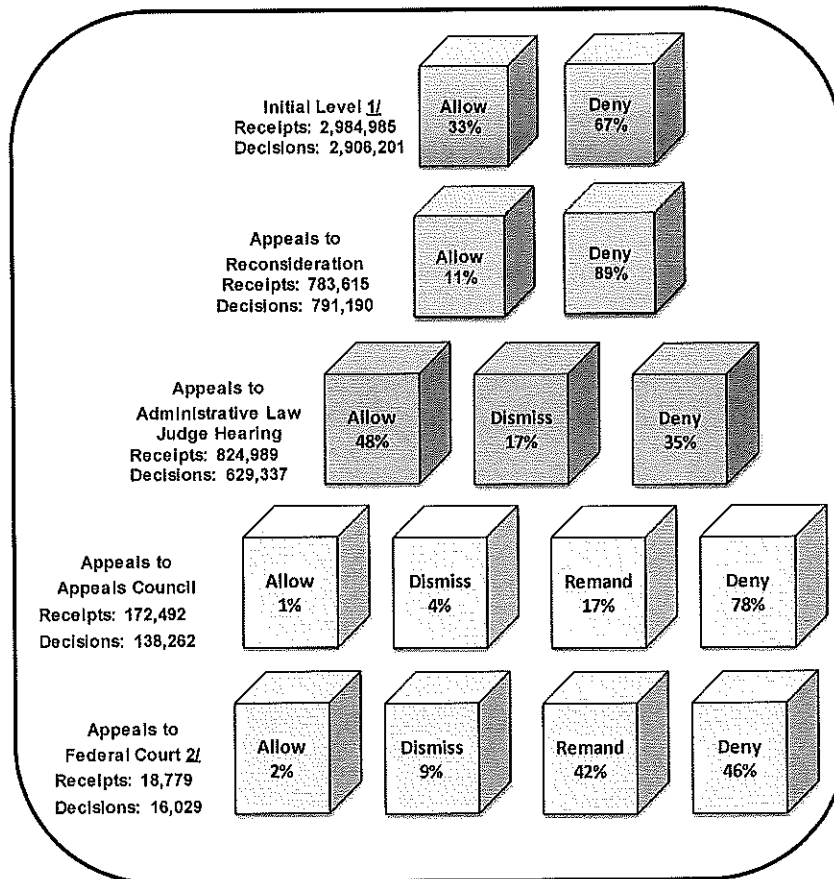
C) Federal Court data: SSA Office of General Counsel

FY 2013 DISABILITY WORKLOAD

The following table provides data on the FY 2013 disability claims and appeals workload.

Table 3.26—FY 2013 Workload Data Disability Appeals

FISCAL YEAR 2013 WORKLOAD DATA:
DISABILITY DECISIONS*



*Includes Title II, Title XVI, and concurrent initial disability determinations and appeals decisions issued in FY 2013, regardless of the year in which the initial claim was filed, and regardless of whether the claimant ever received benefits (in a small number of cases with a favorable disability decision benefits are subsequently denied because the claimant does not meet other eligibility requirements.) Does not include claims where an eligibility determination was reached without a determination of disability. If a determination or appeals decision was made on Title II and Title XVI claims for the same person, the results are treated as one concurrent

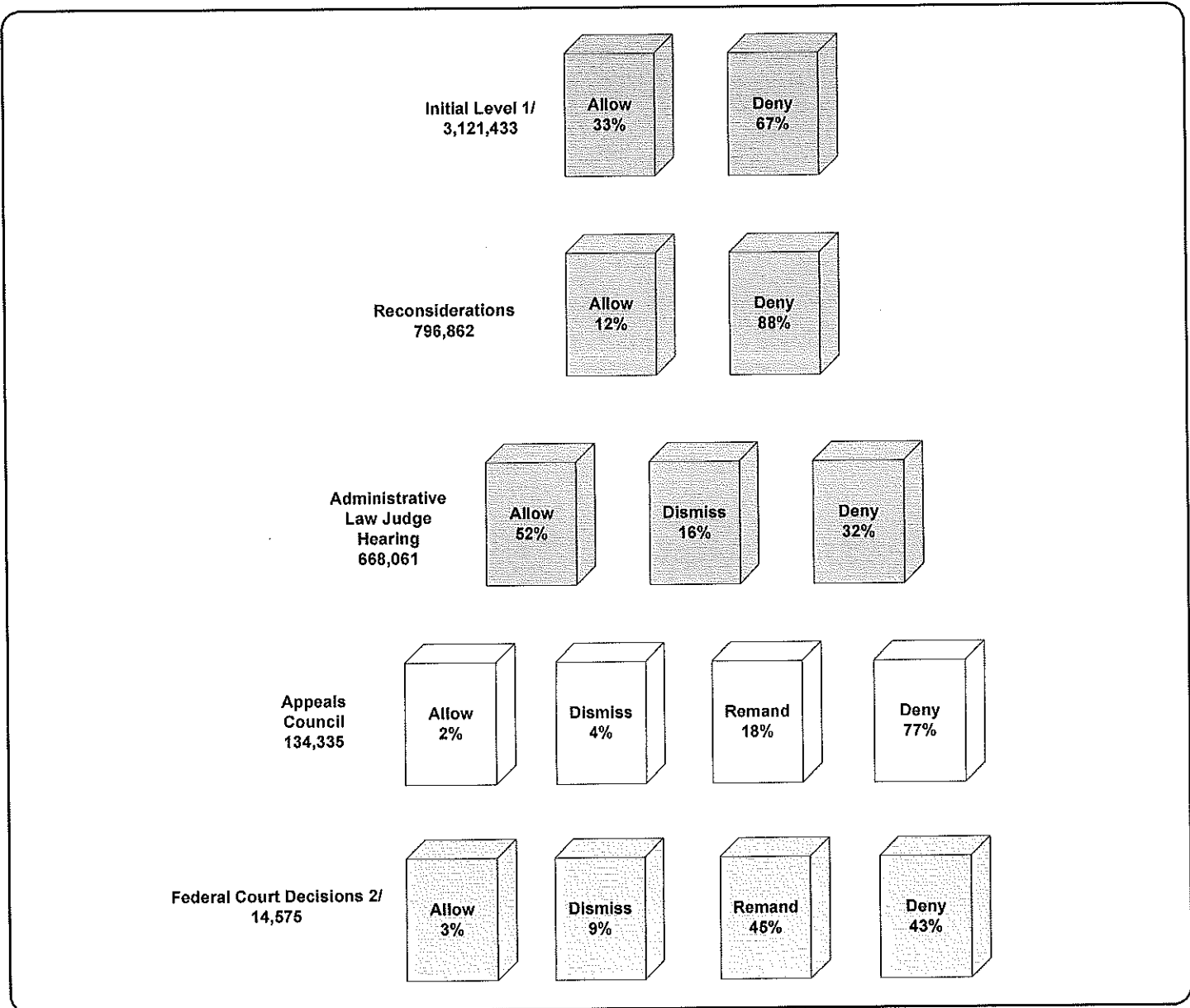
^{1/}About 24% of initial level denials are issued in States that use the Disability Prototype process, which eliminates the reconsideration step of the appeals process. The first level of appeal for these cases is a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge.

^{2/}Federal Court data includes appeals of Continuing Disability Reviews.

NOTE: Due to rounding, data may not always total 100%.

Prepared by: SSA, Office of Disability Program Management Information, 12/31/13; Office of Budget, 02/06/14
Data Sources: A) Initial and Reconsideration Data: SSA State Agency Operations Report; B) Administrative Law Judge and Appeals Council data: SSA Office of Disability Adjudication and Review (ODAR); C) Federal Court data: SSA Office of General Counsel

FISCAL YEAR 2012 WORKLOAD DATA: DISABILITY DECISIONS*



*Includes Title II, Title XVI, and concurrent initial disability determinations and appeals decisions issued in FY 2012, regardless of the year in which the initial claim was filed, and regardless of whether the claimant ever received benefits (in a small number of cases with a favorable disability decision benefits are subsequently denied because the claimant does not meet other eligibility requirements.) Does not include claims where an eligibility determination was reached without a determination of disability. If a determination or appeals decision was made on Title II and Title XVI claims for the same person, the results are treated as one concurrent decision.

1/About 24% of initial level denials are issued in States that use the Disability Prototype process, which eliminates the reconsideration step of the appeals process. The first level of appeal for these cases is a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge.

2/ Federal Court data includes appeals of Continuing Disability Reviews.

Prepared by: SSA, ODPMI (Office of Disability Program Management Information)

Date Prepared: November 26, 2012

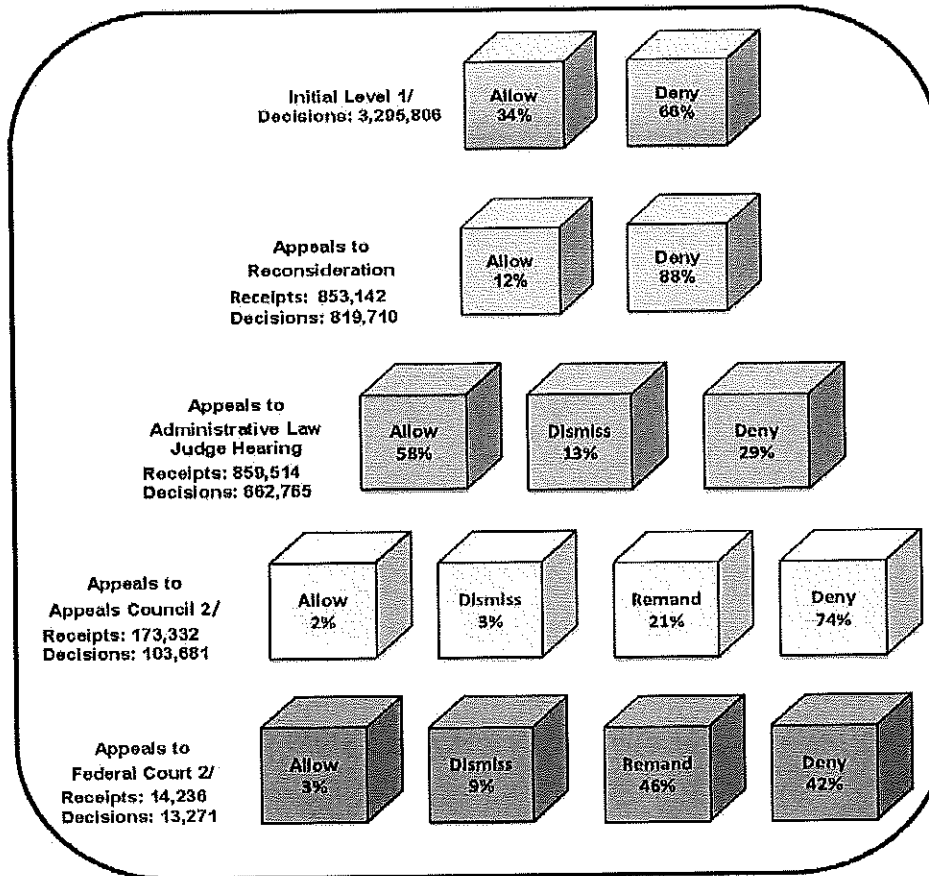
Data Sources:

1) Initial and Reconsideration Data: SSA State Agency Operations Report

2) Administrative Law Judge and Appeals Council data: SSA Office of Disability Adjudication and Review (ODAR)

3) Federal Court data: SSA Office of General Counsel

Fiscal Year 2011 Workload Data:
Disability Appeals*

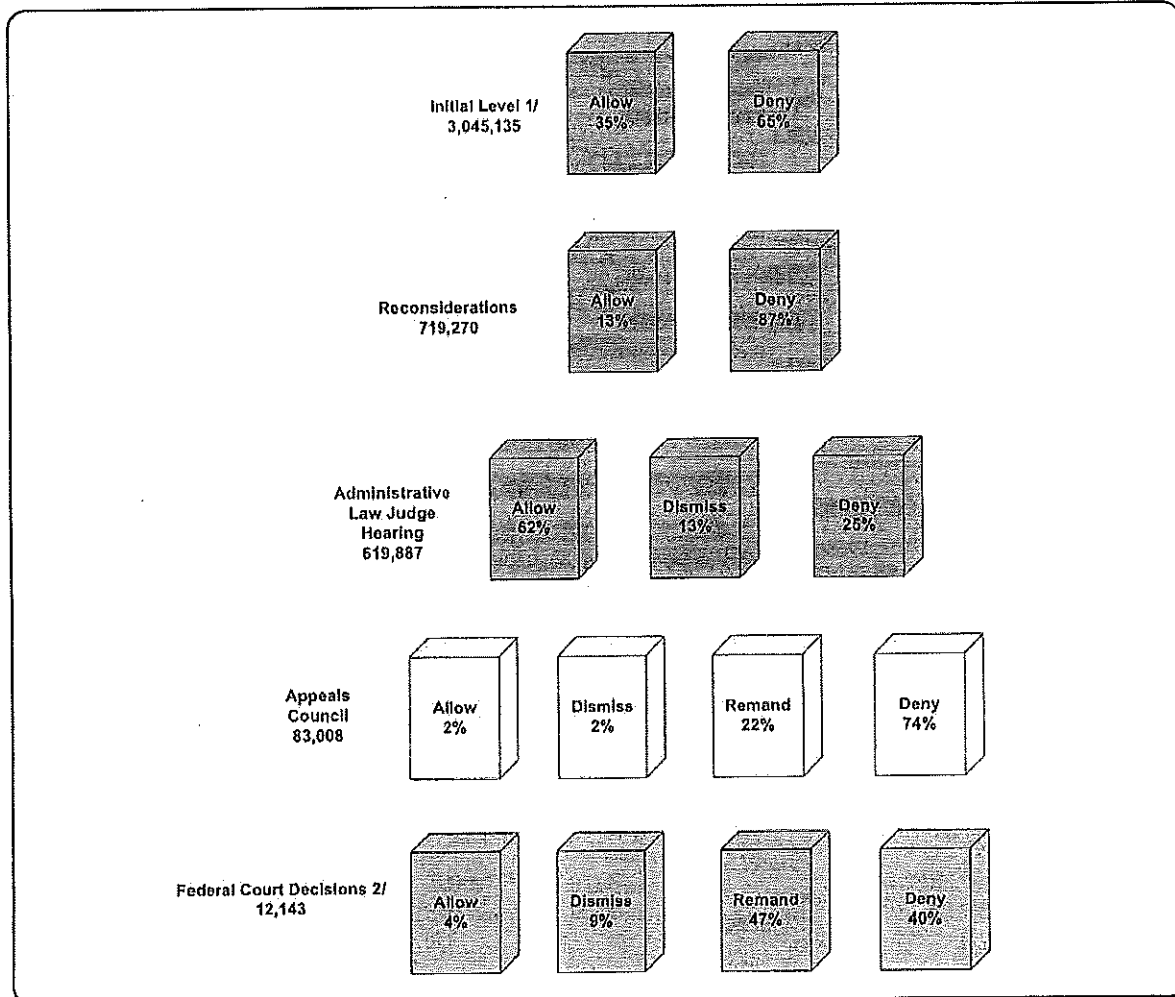


*Includes Title II, Title XVI, and concurrent initial disability determinations and appeals decisions issued in FY 2011, regardless of the year in which the initial claim was filed, and regardless of whether the claimant ever received benefits (in a small number of cases with a favorable disability decision benefits are subsequently denied because the claimant does not meet other eligibility requirements.) Does not include claims where we made an eligibility determination without a determination of disability. If we made a determination or appeals decision on Title II and Title XVI claims for the same person, the results are treated as one concurrent decision.
 1/About 23% of initial level denials are issued in States that use the Disability Prototype process, which eliminates the reconsideration step of the appeals process. The first level of appeal for these cases is a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge.

2/ Federal Court data includes appeals of Continuing Disability Reviews.
 Prepared by: SSA, ODPMI (Office of Disability Program Management Information)
 Date Prepared: December 20, 2011, Office of Budget Receipt Additions January 10, 2012

Data Sources:
 1) Initial and Reconsideration Data: SSA State Agency Operations Report
 2) Administrative Law Judge and Appeals Council data: SSA Office of Disability Adjudication and Review (ODAR)
 3) Federal Court data: SSA Office of General Counsel

FISCAL YEAR 2010 WORKLOAD DATA:
DISABILITY DECISIONS*



*Data include all disability decisions completed in FY2010 and include claims that were filed in FY10 or prior years. These are decisions on disability eligibility. Other non-disability eligibility factors may affect final eligibility for benefits, i.e., some cases with a favorable disability decision could ultimately be denied for failure to meet other eligibility requirements. Some disability claims not eligible on non-disability grounds will not be referred for a disability decision and are not reflected in the data shown. Decisions include Title II – Social Security Disability Insurance and Title XVI – Supplemental Security Income (SSI) cases. Some claimants may file concurrently for both Title II and Title XVI. Concurrent Title II/XVI cases are counted as one.

1/ Approximately 24% of initial level denials are from 10 states using the Prototype process. If appealed, these cases would bypass the reconsideration level and go directly to an Administrative Law Judge hearing.

2/ Data are on applications for persons filing for disability except for Federal Court data which also includes appealed Continuing Disability Review (CDR) decisions.

Prepared by: SSA, ODPMI (Office of Disability Program Management Information)

Date Prepared: November 30, 2010

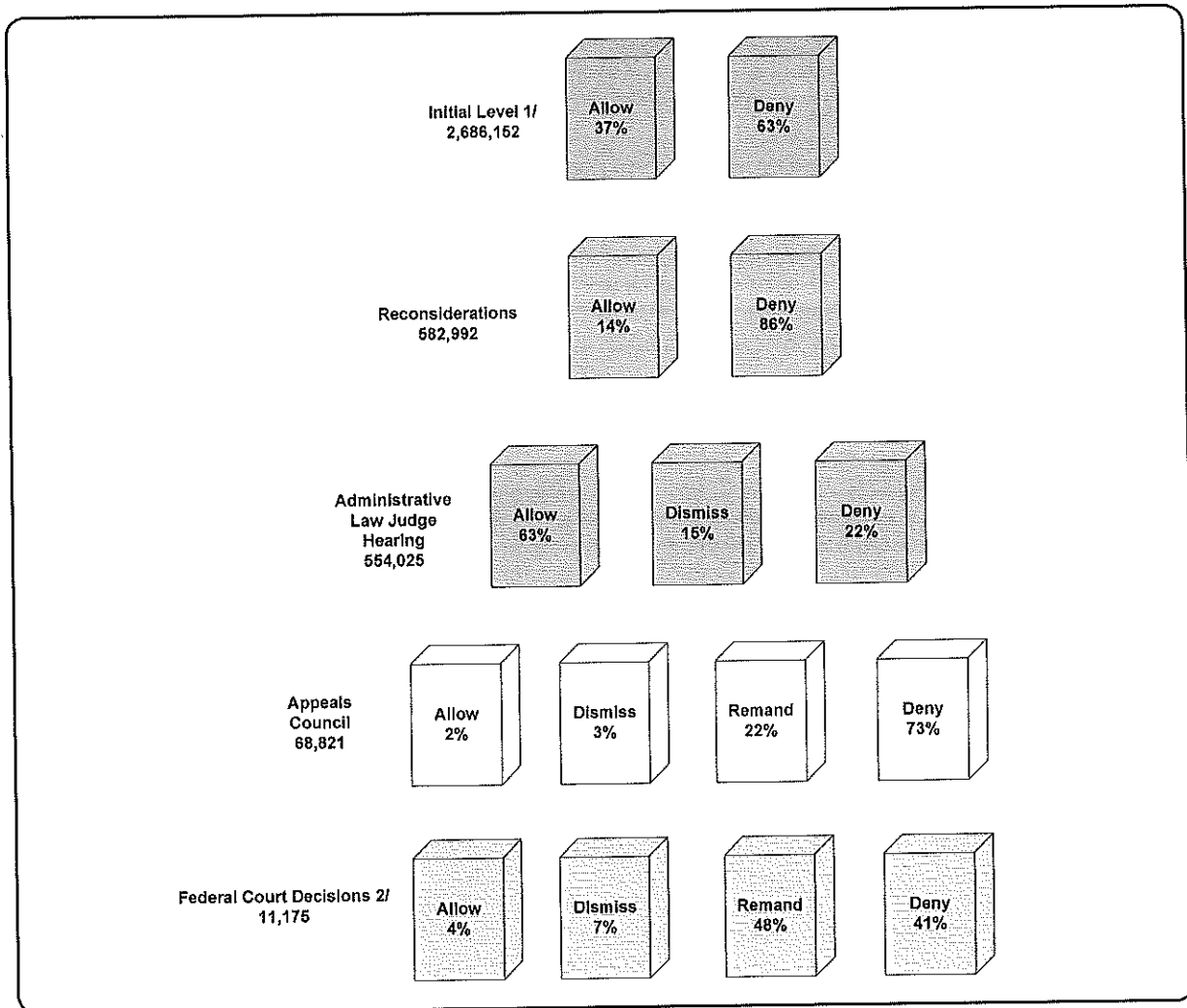
Data Sources:

1) Initial and Reconsideration Data: SSA State Agency Operations Report

2) Administrative Law Judge and Appeals Council data: SSA Office of Disability Adjudication and Review (ODAR)

3) Federal Court data: SSA Office of General Counsel

FISCAL YEAR 2009 WORKLOAD DATA: DISABILITY DECISIONS*



*Data include all disability decisions completed in FY2009 and include claims that were filed in FY09 or prior years. These are decisions on disability eligibility. Other non-disability eligibility factors may affect final eligibility for benefits, i.e., some cases with a favorable disability decision could ultimately be denied for failure to meet other eligibility requirements. Some disability claims not eligible on non-disability grounds will not be referred for a disability decision and are not reflected in the data shown. Decisions include Title II – Social Security Disability Insurance and Title XVI – Supplemental Security Income (SSI) cases. Some claimants may file concurrently for both Title II and Title XVI. Concurrent Title II/XVI cases are counted as one.

1/ Approximately 24% of initial level denials are from 10 states using the Prototype process. If appealed, these cases would bypass the reconsideration level and go directly to an Administrative Law Judge hearing.

2/ Data are on applications for persons filing for disability except for Federal Court data which also includes appealed Continuing Disability Review (CDR) decisions.

Prepared by: SSA, ODPMI (Office of Disability Program Management Information)

Date Prepared: November 19, 2009

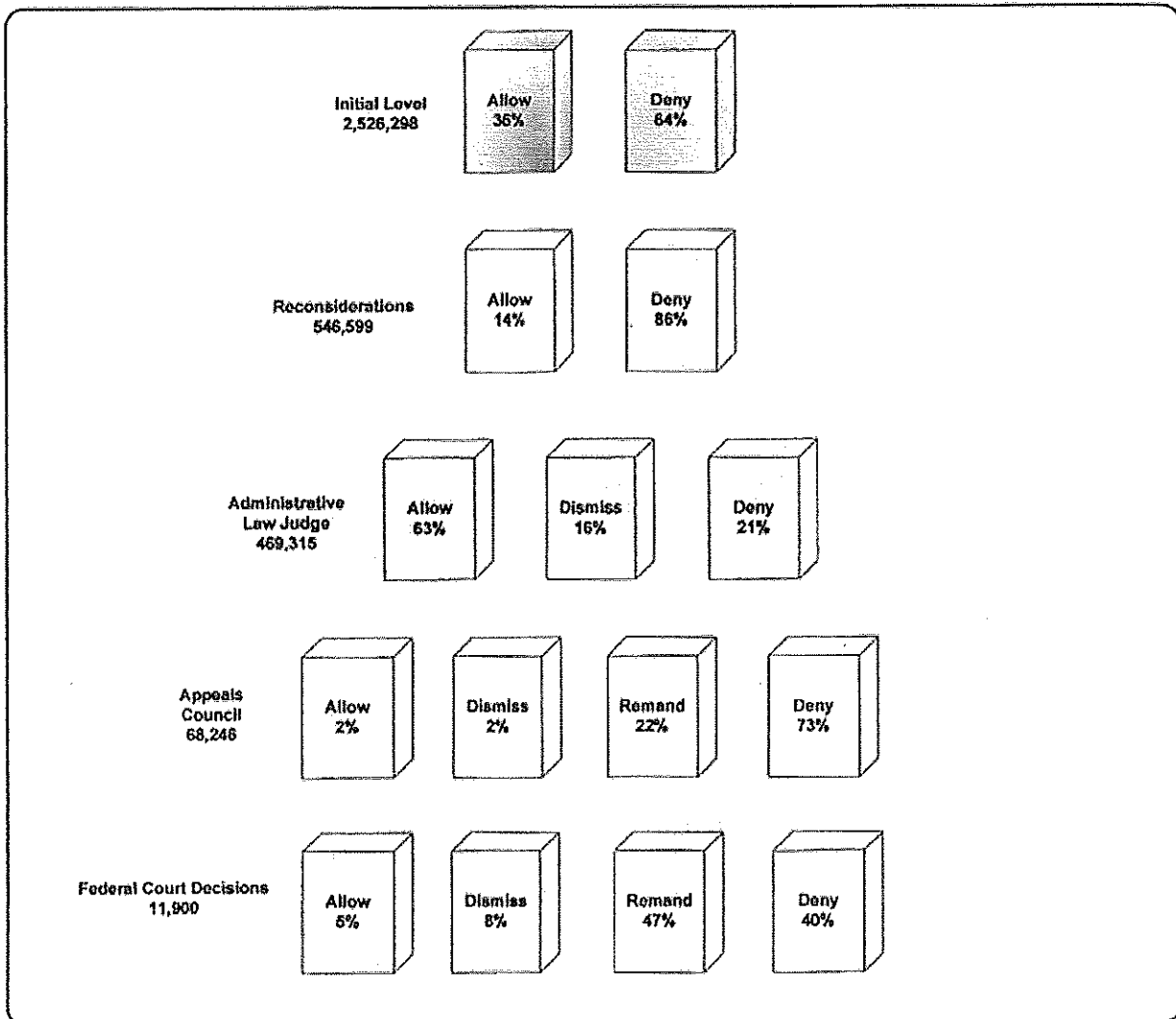
Data Sources:

1) Initial and Reconsideration Data: SSA State Agency Operations Report

2) Administrative Law Judge and Appeals Council data: SSA Office of Disability Adjudication and Review (ODAR)

3) Federal Court data: SSA Office of General Counsel

FISCAL YEAR 2008 WORKLOAD DATA: DISABILITY DECISIONS*



*Data are not longitudinal. Numbers presented include all Title II and Title XVI disability decisions processed (but not necessarily received) in FY2008. These are decisions on disability eligibility. Other non-disability related factors may affect final eligibility for benefits. Data are on applications for persons filing for disability except for Federal Court data which also includes appealed Continuing Disability Review (CDR) decisions.

Prepared by: SSA, ODPMI (Office of Disability Program Management Information)

Date Prepared: March 6, 2009

Data Sources:

1) Initial and Reconsideration Data: SSA State Agency Operations Report

2) Administrative Law Judge and Appeals Council data: SSA Office of Disability Adjudication and Review (ODAR)

3) Federal Court data: SSA Office of General Counsel