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7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT _____

8 [PLAINTIFF],

9 Plaintiff,

10 v.

11 [DEFENDANT],

12 Defendant.

CASE NO. [CASE #]

**[MODEL] AGREEMENT
REGARDING DISCOVERY OF
ELECTRONICALLY STORED
INFORMATION AND
[PROPOSED] ORDER**

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14 *[The red/italicized portions set forth guidance and instruction to the parties in formulating their*
15 *agreement and should be deleted from the text of the final agreement. Optional provisions may*
16 *be useful in cases involving more complicated ESI issues or productions.]*

17 The parties hereby stipulate to the following provisions regarding the discovery of
18 electronically stored information (“ESI”) in this matter:

19 **A. General Principles**

20 1. An attorney’s zealous representation of a client is not compromised by conducting
21 discovery in a cooperative manner. The failure of counsel or the parties to litigation to cooperate
22 in facilitating and reasonably limiting discovery requests and responses raises litigation costs and
23 contributes to the risk of sanctions.

1 2. As provided in LCR 26(f), the proportionality standard set forth in Fed. R. Civ. P.
2 26(b)(1) must be applied in each case when formulating a discovery plan. To further the
3 application of the proportionality standard in discovery, requests for production of ESI and related
4 responses should be reasonably targeted, clear, and as specific as possible. This agreement is
5 intended to assist the parties in identifying relevant, responsive information that has been stored
6 electronically and is proportional to the needs of the case. The agreement does not supplant the
7 parties' obligations to comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 34.

8 **B. ESI Disclosures**

9 Within 30 days of entry of this Order, or at a later time if agreed to by the parties, each
10 party shall disclose:

11 1. Custodians. The ~~five~~ custodians most likely to have discoverable ESI in their
12 possession, custody, or control. The custodians shall be identified by name, title, connection to
13 the instant litigation, and the type of the information under the custodian's control. ~~[Five~~
14 ~~custodians may be sufficient in certain cases, but not in others.—The parties are expected to meet~~
15 ~~and confer to establish the appropriate number of custodians to be disclosed based on the~~
16 ~~complexity, proportionality and nature of the case. Disputes should promptly be submitted to the~~
17 ~~Court for resolution. This disclosure provision is distinct from the parties' agreement set forth~~
18 ~~in Section C below about determining the number of custodians from whom ESI should be~~
19 ~~gathered.]~~

20 2. Non-custodial Data Sources. A list of non-custodial data sources (e.g., shared
21 drives, servers), if any, likely to contain discoverable ESI. ~~[These lists can identify the~~
22 ~~databases that are likely to contain discoverable structured data.]~~

1 3. Third-Party Data Sources. A list of third-party data sources, if any, likely to
2 contain discoverable ESI (e.g., third-party email providers, mobile device providers, cloud
3 storage) and, for each such source, the extent to which a party is (or is not) able to preserve
4 information stored in the third-party data source.

5 4. Inaccessible Data. A list of data sources, if any, likely to contain discoverable ESI
6 (by type, date, custodian, electronic system or other criteria sufficient to specifically identify the
7 data source) that a party asserts is not reasonably accessible under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(2)(B).
8 *[Section (D)(3) below sets forth data sources and ESI which are not required to be preserved by*
9 *the parties. Those data sources and ESI do not need to be included on this list.]*

10 5. [Optional] Foreign data privacy laws. Nothing in this Order is intended to prevent
11 either party from complying with the requirements of a foreign country’s data privacy laws, e.g.,
12 the European Union’s General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (EU) 2016/679. The parties
13 agree to meet and confer before including custodians or data sources subject to such laws in any
14 ESI or other discovery request.

15 **C. ESI Discovery Procedures**

16 1. On-site inspection of electronic media. Such an inspection shall not be required
17 absent a demonstration by the requesting party of specific need and good cause or by agreement
18 of the parties.

19 2. Search methodology. *[The Court presumes that the use of search terms and*
20 *queries, file type and date restrictions, and technology-assisted review will be reasonably*
21 *necessary to locate or filter some ESI likely to contain discoverable information. The timelines*
22 *and search related numbers in this section may be sufficient in certain cases, but not in others.*
23 *The parties are expected to meet and confer to establish the appropriate timing and numbers*

1 terms based on the complexity, proportionality and nature of the case.] The parties shall timely
2 confer to attempt to reach agreement on appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date
3 restrictions, data sources (including custodians), and other appropriate computer- or technology-
4 aided methodologies, before any such effort is undertaken. The parties shall continue to cooperate
5 in revising the appropriateness of the search methodology.

6 a. Prior to running searches:

7 i. The producing party shall disclose the data sources (including
8 custodians), search terms and queries, any file type and date restrictions, and any other
9 methodology that it proposes to use to locate ESI likely to contain responsive and discoverable
10 information. The producing party may provide unique hit counts for each search query.

11 ii. ~~The requesting party is entitled to, within 14 days of the producing~~
12 ~~party's disclosure, add no more than 10 search terms or queries to those disclosed by the~~
13 ~~producing party absent a showing of good cause or agreement of the parties. propose additional~~
14 ~~search terms or queries to those disclosed by the producing party. The additional proposal by the~~
15 ~~requesting party shall not be unfairly denied if submitted in good faith and supported by a showing~~
16 ~~of good cause. After disclosure, the parties will engage in a meet and confer process regarding~~
17 ~~additional terms sought by the non-producing party.~~

18 iii. The following provisions apply to search terms / queries of the
19 requesting party. Focused terms and queries should be employed; broad terms or queries, such
20 as product and company names, generally should be avoided. A conjunctive combination of
21 multiple words or phrases (*e.g.*, “computer” and “system”) narrows the search and shall count as
22 a single search term. A disjunctive combination of multiple words or phrases (*e.g.*, “computer”
23 or “system”) broadens the search, and thus each word or phrase shall count as a separate search
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1 term unless they are variants of the same word. The producing party may identify each search
2 term or query returning overbroad results demonstrating the overbroad results and a counter
3 proposal correcting the overbroad search or query. ~~[The following provision is optional and
4 includes alternative provisions. The parenthetical numbers given are a starting point for the
5 negotiations and are not intended to prejudge the merits of an overbreadth challenge.][Optional]~~
6 ~~A search that returns more than [alternative 1] [(250) megabytes of data, excluding Microsoft
7 PowerPoint files, audio files, and similarly large file types] [alternative 2] [(400) unique
8 documents, excluding families], is presumed to be overbroad.~~

9 ~~b. After production: Within 21 days of the producing party notifying the
10 receiving party that it has substantially completed the production of documents responsive to a
11 request, the responding party may request no more than 10 additional search terms or queries.
12 The immediately preceding sections (Section C(2)(a)(ii) and (iii)) appliesapply.~~

13 c. ~~[Optional]~~ Upon reasonable request, a party shall disclose information
14 relating to network design, the types of databases, database dictionaries, the access control list
15 and security access logs and rights of individuals to access the system and specific files and
16 applications, the ESI document retention policy, organizational chart for information systems
17 personnel, or the backup and systems recovery routines, including, but not limited to, tape
18 rotation and destruction/overwrite policy.

19 3. Format.

20 a. ESI will be produced to the requesting party with searchable text, in a
21 format to be decided between the parties. Acceptable formats include, but are not limited to, native
22 files, multi-page TIFFs (with a companion OCR or extracted text file), single-page TIFFs (only
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1 with load files for e-discovery software that includes metadata fields identifying natural document
2 breaks and also includes companion OCR and/or extracted text files), and searchable PDF.

3 b. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, files that are not easily converted
4 to image format, such as spreadsheet, database, and drawing files, will be produced in native
5 format.

6 c. Each document image file shall be named with a unique number (Bates
7 Number). File names should not be more than twenty characters long or contain spaces. When a
8 text-searchable image file is produced, the producing party must preserve the integrity of the
9 underlying ESI, *i.e.*, the original formatting, the metadata (as noted below) and, where applicable,
10 the revision history.

11 d. If a document is more than one page, the unitization of the document and
12 any attachments and/or affixed notes shall be maintained as they existed in the original document.

13 e. *[Optional]* The parties shall produce their information in the following
14 format: single- page images and associated multi-page text files containing extracted text or with
15 appropriate software load files containing all information required by the litigation support system
16 used by the receiving party.

17 f. *[Optional]* The full text of each electronic document shall be extracted
18 (“Extracted Text”) and produced in a text file. The Extracted Text shall be provided in searchable
19 ASCII text format (or Unicode text format if the text is in a foreign language) and shall be named
20 with a unique Bates Number (*e.g.*, the unique Bates Number of the first page of the corresponding
21 production version of the document followed by its file extension).

22 4. De-duplication. The parties may de-duplicate their ESI production across custodial
23 and non-custodial data sources after disclosure to the requesting party, and the duplicate custodian
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1 information removed during the de-duplication process tracked in a duplicate/other custodian
2 field in the database load file.

3 5. Email Threading. The parties may use analytics technology to identify email
4 threads and need only produce the unique most inclusive copy and related family members and
5 may exclude lesser inclusive copies. Upon reasonable request, the producing party will produce
6 a less inclusive copy.

7 6. Metadata fields. If the requesting party seeks metadata, the parties agree that only
8 the following metadata fields need be produced, and only to the extent it is reasonably accessible
9 and non-privileged: document type; custodian and duplicate custodians (or storage location if no
10 custodian); author/from; recipient/to, cc and bcc; title/subject; email subject; file name; file size;
11 file extension; original file path; date and time created, sent, modified and/or received; and hash
12 value. The list of metadata type is intended to be flexible and may be changed by agreement of
13 the parties, particularly in light of advances and changes in technology, vendor, and business
14 practices.

15 7. *[Optional]* Hard-Copy Documents. If the parties elect to produce hard-copy
16 documents in an electronic format, the production of hard-copy documents will include a cross-
17 reference file that indicates document breaks and sets forth the custodian or custodian/location
18 associated with each produced document. Hard-copy documents will be scanned using Optical
19 Character Recognition technology and searchable ASCII text files will be produced (or Unicode
20 text format if the text is in a foreign language), unless the producing party can show that the cost
21 would outweigh the usefulness of scanning (for example, when the condition of the paper is not
22 conducive to scanning and will not result in accurate or reasonably useable/searchable ESI). Each
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1 file will be named with a unique Bates Number (*e.g.*, the unique Bates Number of the first page
2 of the corresponding production version of the document followed by its file extension).

3 **D. Preservation of ESI**

4 The parties acknowledge that they have a common law obligation, as expressed in Fed. R.
5 Civ. P. 37(e), to take reasonable and proportional steps to preserve discoverable information in
6 the party's possession, custody, or control. With respect to preservation of ESI, the parties agree
7 as follows:

8 1. Absent a showing of good cause by the requesting party, the parties shall not be
9 required to modify the procedures used by them in the ordinary course of business to back-up and
10 archive data; provided, however, that the parties shall preserve all discoverable ESI in their
11 possession, custody, or control.

12 2. The parties will supplement their disclosures in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P.
13 26(e) with discoverable ESI responsive to a particular discovery request or mandatory disclosure
14 where that data is created after a disclosure or response is made (unless excluded under Sections
15 (D)(3) or (E)(1)-(2)).

16 3. Absent a showing of good cause by the requesting party, the following categories
17 of ESI need not be preserved:

- 18 a. Deleted, slack, fragmented, or other data only accessible by forensics.
- 19 b. Random access memory (RAM), temporary files, or other ephemeral data
20 that are difficult to preserve without disabling the operating system.
- 21 c. On-line access data such as temporary internet files, history, cache,
22 cookies, and the like.
- 23 d. Data in metadata fields that are frequently updated automatically, such as
24 last-opened dates (see also Section (E)(5)).
- 25 e. Back-up data that are duplicative of data that are more accessible
26 elsewhere.

- 1 f. Server, system or network logs.
- 2 g. Data remaining from systems no longer in use that is unintelligible on the
- 3 systems in use.
- 4 h. Electronic data (e.g., email, calendars, contact data, and notes) sent to or
- 5 from mobile devices (e.g., iPhone, iPad, Android devices), provided that
- 6 a copy of all such electronic data is automatically saved in real time
- 7 elsewhere (such as on a server, laptop, desktop computer, or “cloud”
- 8 storage).

9 *[The parties should confer regarding any other categories of ESI that may not need to be*

10 *preserved, such as text messages and social media data, in light of the General Principles set*

11 *forth above, and determine whether they can agree that such categories can be added to the non-*

12 *preservation list above.]*

13 **E. Privilege**

14 *[The parties should confer regarding the nature and scope of privilege logs for the case, including*

15 *whether categories of information may be excluded from any logging requirements and whether*

16 *alternatives to document-by-document logs can be exchanged.]*

17 1. A producing party shall create a privilege log of all documents fully withheld from

18 production on the basis of a privilege or protection, unless otherwise agreed or excepted by this

19 Agreement and Order. Privilege logs shall include a unique identification number for each

20 document and the basis for the claim (attorney-client privileged or work-product protection). For

21 ESI, the privilege log may be generated using available metadata, including author/recipient or

22 to/from/cc/bcc names; the subject matter or title; and date created. Should the available metadata

23 provide insufficient information for the purpose of evaluating the privilege claim asserted, the

24 producing party shall include such additional information as required by the Federal Rules of

25 Civil Procedure. Privilege logs will be produced to all other parties *[alternative language, choose*

26 *one of the following clauses] [alternative 1] [no later than 30 days after delivering a production]*

1 *[alternative 2]* [no later than 30 days before the deadline for filing motions related to discovery]
2 unless an earlier deadline is agreed to by the parties.

3 2. Redactions need not be logged so long as the basis for the redaction is clear on the
4 redacted document.

5 3. With respect to privileged or work-product information generated after the filing
6 of the complaint, parties are not required to include any such information in privilege logs.

7 4. Activities undertaken in compliance with the duty to preserve information are
8 protected from disclosure and discovery under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(3)(A) and (B).

9 5. Pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any documents, electronically
10 stored information (ESI) or information, whether inadvertent or otherwise, in this proceeding
11 shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or state proceeding, constitute
12 a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those documents, including the
13 attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other privilege or protection
14 recognized by law. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum protection allowed
15 by Fed. R. Evid. 502(d). The provisions of Fed. R. Evid. 502(b) do not apply. Nothing contained
16 herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to conduct a review of documents, ESI
17 or information (including metadata) for relevance, responsiveness and/or segregation of
18 privileged and/or protected information before production. Information produced in discovery
19 that is protected as privileged or work product shall be immediately returned to the producing
20 party, ~~and its production shall not constitute a waiver of such protection.~~

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22 DATED: _____

23 [Signature blocks]
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ORDER

Based on the foregoing, IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: _____

The Honorable _____
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE